

The Reversible $\alpha \rightarrow \beta$ Phase Transition of $\text{Cu}_2\text{As}_2\text{O}_7$

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ABSTRACT: Single crystals of copper(II) pyroarsenate(V), $\text{Cu}_2\text{As}_2\text{O}_7$, were prepared by chemical transport reactions in sealed and evacuated silica ampules starting from stoichiometric mixtures of the component oxides and chlorine as transport agent (temperature gradient 880 \rightarrow 800 °C, 5 days). $\text{Cu}_2\text{As}_2\text{O}_7$ is dimorphous and shows a reversible α (low-temperature) \leftrightarrow β (high-temperature) phase transition at 356(2) °C detected by differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) and high-temperature X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) measurements. The crystal structure of α - $\text{Cu}_2\text{As}_2\text{O}_7$ ($C2/c$, $Z = 4$, $a = 7.237(3)$, $b = 8.2557(17)$, $c = 9.780(3)$ Å, $\beta = 111.03(2)^\circ$, $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$) was determined from single-crystal data at room temperature. It crystallizes isotypically with α - $\text{Cu}_2\text{P}_2\text{O}_7$ and β - $\text{Cu}_2\text{V}_2\text{O}_7$. The thortveitite-type crystal structure of β - $\text{Cu}_2\text{As}_2\text{O}_7$ ($C2/m$, $Z = 2$, $a = 7.0987(3)$, $b = 8.2777(4)$, $c = 4.8666(2)$ Å, $\beta = 110.206(4)^\circ$, $R(\text{Bragg}) = 0.1056$) was determined by means of high-temperature XRPD recorded at 400 °C. The crystal structures of both polymorphs are closely related and consist of infinite sheets of $[\text{CuO}_x]$ polyhedra (α : $x = 5$; β : $x = 6$) and interjacent As_2O_7 anions that occur either in a bent (As–O–As) configuration (α - $\text{Cu}_2\text{As}_2\text{O}_7$, bridging angle 145.9(2)°) or in a linear (As–O–As) configuration (β - $\text{Cu}_2\text{As}_2\text{O}_7$). α - $\text{Cu}_2\text{As}_2\text{O}_7$ was further characterized by vibrational spectroscopy. Its IR and Raman spectra are discussed on the basis of a factor group analysis.